FINANCIAL STATEMENTS with ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

TWELVE MONTH PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2006

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Wilson & Company

Certified Public Accountants / A Professional Corporation

Town of Leeds Leeds, Utah 84746

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Leeds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. All information included in these financial statements is the representation of the management of the Town of Leeds.

A review consists principally of inquiries of Company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an examination in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

WILSON & COMPANY
Certified Public Accountants

Cedar City, Utah January 31, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion of the Town of Leeds (the Town) financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ending June 30, 2006. This report is in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$638,524 (net assets). Of this amount, \$188,693 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The Town's total net assets increased by \$54,601. The expenditures exceeded revenues and the adopted budgeted amounts for expenditures exceeded the actual expenditure amounts.

At the close of the current year, the Town's government funds reported an ending fund balance of \$261,777, a decrease of \$25,687 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$188,693 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).

The Town's total long-term debt decreased by \$1,893 during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, and parks and recreation.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Leeds, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and enterprise funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes if fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Leeds maintains one governmental fund – the general fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds

The Town currently does not have a proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$638,524 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (59 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available

for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Town of Leeds Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2006	2005	
Current & other assets Capital assets	35 7,8 36 376,747	471,155 297,089	
Total assets	734,583_	768,244	
Long-term Liabilities outstanding	73,331	72,818	
Other liabilities	22,728	111,503	
Total liabilities	96,059	184,321	
Net assets:			
Invested in cap. assets, net of debt	3 76,7 47	2 97,0 89	
Restricted	73,084	127,577	
Unrestricted	188,693	159,257	
Total net assets	638,524	583,923	

Changes in the Town of Leeds Capital Assets

	Governmental	Activities
	2006	2005
Net capital assets		
Land & easements	92,006	92,006
Buildings	23,589	27,274
Other improvements	92,995	92,215
Furniture & equipment	27,345	31,554
Infrastructure	140,812	54,0 40
Increase in net assets	376,747	297,089

Changes in the Town of Leeds Net Assets

	Governmenta	l Activities
Revenues:	2006	2005
Program revenues		
Charges for services	99, 361	106,418
Operating grants and contributions	28,7 93	36,799
Capital grants and contributions	14,000	-
General revenues		
Property taxes	45,6 25	42,200
General sales and use taxes	73,807	45,878
Franchise taxes	2,338	3,763
Earnings on investments	20,064	8,378
Total revenues	283,988	243,436
Expenses:		243,430
General government	1 31,6 37	93,117
Public Safety	20,444	20,632
Public works	20,651	20,032 29,468
Sanitation	30,7 02	
Cultural & recreation	1 9,78 9	29 ,330
Cemetery		13,142
Interst on long-term debt	1,920	845
Total expenses	4,244	 _
Increase in net assets	229,387	186,534
The case in the assets	54,601	56,90 2

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$145,935, which is the total fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of \$120,511 can be briefly summarized as follows:

\$49,461 increase in general government \$1,200 increase in public safety - Police \$19,150 increase in public works - parks \$700 decrease in public works - parks construction \$7,300 increase in public works - streets \$38,900 increase in public works - street construction \$4,100 increase in sanitation \$1,100 increase in cemetery

During the year actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$25,687, and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$19,304.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$376,747 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and equipment.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

At the end of the current year, the Town's had total debt outstanding of \$73,331. The debt represents bonds issued to finance water and sewer projects in prior years.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town of Leeds, P. O. Box 460879, Leeds, Utah, 84746.

TOWN OF LEEDS Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Governmental Activities Total Assets: Current assets: Cash & cash equivalents \$ 282,124 \$ 282,124 Accounts receivable 2,381 2,381 Lease receivable 73,331 73,331 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 376,747 376,747 Total assets 734,583 734,583 Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities: Cash with negative balance \$ 14,379 14,379 Accounts payable 4,723 4,723 Accrued liabilities 3,626 3,626 Bonds payable Portion due within one year 2,394 2,394 Portion due after one year 70,937 70,937 Total liabilities 96,059 **81,68**0 **Net Assets:** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 376,747 376,747 Restricted for: Impact fees, B&C road funds 73,084 73,084 Unrestricted 188,693 188,693 Total net assets \$ 638,524 \$ 638,524

TOWN OF LEEDS Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2006

					Program	m Revenues				
						perating	(Capital		
				arges for		ants and		ants and		(Expense)
Functions	<u> </u>	x penses	S	ervices	Con	tributions	Con	tributions		Revenue
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	131,637	\$	51,273	\$	6,181	\$	-	\$	(74,183)
Public safety		20,444		6,458		-		6,500		(7,486)
Public works		20,651		-		20,130		-		(521)
Sanitation		30 ,702		36,879				-		6,177
Parks & recreation		19 ,789		373		2,482		7,500		(9,434)
Cemetery		1,920		4,378		-				2,458
Interest on long-term debt		4,244				-				(4,244)
Total governmental activities		229,387		99,361		28,793		14,000		(87,233)
Business-type activities:										
None		-				-				-
Total business-type activities		•		-		-				-
Total government	\$	229,387	\$	99,361	\$	28,793	<u>\$</u>	14,000	\$	(87,233)
			Gene	ral revenues:						
			Ta	xes:						
			1	Property taxes						45,625
			4	General sales a	and use t	axes				73, 807
			1	Franchise taxe	s					2,337
			Ea	rnings on inve	stments					20, 065
				tal general rev		d transfers			_	141,834
			Inc	rease in net as	sets					54, 601
				rease in net as						54, 601 583 ,923

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

Assets:		General	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Cash & cash equivalents Accounts receivable Net investment in capital lease	\$	282,124 2,381 73,331	\$	282,124 2,381 73,331
Total assets	\$	357,836	\$	357,836
Liabilities: Cash with negative balance Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	14,379 4,723 3,626 73,331 96,059	\$	14,379 4,723 3,626 73,331 96,059
Fund balances: Reserved Unreserved, undesignated Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	73,084 188,693 261,777 357,836	\$	73,084 18 8,6 93 261,777 35 7,8 36

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 261,777
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$1,064,900 and the accumulated depreciation is \$688,153.	3 76,7 47
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not financial recources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	(73,331)
Deferred revenue balances from prior periods	73,331
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$ 638,524

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2006

REVENUES:		General	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	45 (25	Φ.	
Sales and use taxes	Ф	45,625	\$	45,625
Franchise taxes		73,807		73,807
Licenses and permits		2,338		2,338
Lease income		46,170		46,170
Interest earnings		6,181		6,181
Fines & forfeitures		16,279		16,279
Solid waste services		2,333		2,333
Impact fees		36,8 76		36,876
Cemetery		14,000		14,000
Donations and other revenues		4,378		4,378
		13,948		13,948
Liquor fund allotment		8 36		836
"C" road revenue		20, 130		20,130
Total revenues		282,901		282,901
EXPENDITURES:				
General government				
Professional fees		29,695		20.605
Building inspection		13,426		29,695
Elections		1,730		13,426
Liability insurance		9,992		1,730
Legislative		3,5 15		9,992
Administration		6 7,6 07		3,515
Planning & zoning		568		67,607
Total general government	···	126,533		568
Public safety - police		17,705		126,533
Public works - parks		1 6,9 37		17,705
Public works - parks construction		7,764		16,937
Public works - streets		9,506		7 ,764
Public works - street construction		91,340		9,506
Sanitation		30,702		91,340
Cemetery				30,702
Debt service		1,920		1,920
Total expenditures		6,181		6,181
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		308,588		308,588
		(25,687)	-	(25,687)
FUND BALANCES JULY 1		287,464		287,464
FUND BALANCES JUNE 30	\$	261,7 77	\$	261,777

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	antal funds	\$	(25,687)
Net change in fund balances-total government	cital fullus		(==,==,)
Governmental funds report capital outlays a	as expenditures. However, in the statement of activ	vities, assets with an	
initial, individual cost of more than \$5,00	00 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over the	ir estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense. The current period.	nis is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	d depreciation in the	
- Carrotte	Capital outlays	99,104	
	Depreciation expense	(19,444)	
	•		79,6 60
available financial recources and interest presented on the accrual basis and expens	nental funds when paid or due for: items not norm on long-term debt. However, the Statement of Ac ses and liabilities are reported when incurred, rega- cial resources are avalable of expenditures are paid	ctivities is rdless of	
This adjustment combines the net change		or duc.	
			450
Accrued interest on bonds pe	ayable		458

TOWN OF LEEDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Leeds, a Utah political subdivision, (the Town) is organized under the laws of the State of Utah. The Town operates under a governing body consisting of a mayor and five council members and provides the following municipal services public safety, public works, culture, recreation, and community development. The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town applies the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, to determine which governmental organizations should be included in the reporting entity. The basic, but not only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the exercise of special financial relationships, regardless of whether the Town is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, no potential component units have been included in defining the Town's reporting entity and the Town is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

The Town has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures. These statements require governmental entities with more than one governmental activity to present additional accrual-based statements to better communicate the financial status of the entity. The significant changes to the Town's financial statements relating to these standards are the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the titles and presentation of the financial statements to conform to the net asset presentation.

TOWN OF LEEDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

The Town reports its municipal services in a single governmental fund – the general fund. The Town does not currently operate any other fund types. The financial statements of the Town are based on all applicable Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Review Boards of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements. FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 are not followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

C. Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Funds invested through the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund are also considered cash equivalents.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, and plant equipment. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial unit cost of \$2,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives (see Note 5 for further detail).

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	4 0
Infrastructure	20
Furniture & equipment	3-10

TOWN OF LEEDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

E. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues. For this purpose, operating revenues, such as user fees, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the Town. Exchange transactions are those in which each party to the transactions receives or gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues arise from exchange transactions not associated with the Towns principal activities (such as investment income) and from all nonexchange transactions (such as grants).

F. Net Assets

The Town's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: This represents the Town's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted - expendable. Restricted expendable net assets include resources which the Town is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted: Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from user fees and intergovernmental appropriations. These resources are used for transactions relating to the solid waste and television activities of the Town, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any legal purpose.

G. Property Tax

Washington County assesses all taxable property other than centrally-assessed property, which is assessed through the state, by May 22 of each year. The Town should adopt a final tax rate prior to June 22, which is then submitted to the state for approval. Property taxes are due on November 30 of each year. Delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty of 2% or \$10.00, whichever is greater. After January 15 of the following year, delinquent taxes and penalty bear interest of 6% above the federal discount rate from January 1 until paid.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as they become delinquent. All unpaid taxes levied during the year become delinquent December 1 of the current year. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Amounts available include those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick leave and compensatory time benefits up to a maximum amount determined by the Town personnel policy. Employees are paid 100% of their accumulated but unused leave when they retire. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements.

NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes the cash account and several investments.

The Town's deposit and investment policy is to follow the Utah Money Management Act. However, the Town does not have a separate deposit or investment policy that addresses specific types of deposit and investment risks to which the Town is exposed.

Utah State law requires that Town funds be deposited with a "qualified depository" as defined by the Utah Money Management Act. "Qualified depository" includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements as defined in Rule 11 of the Utah Money Management Act. Rule 11 establishes the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and defines capital requirements which an institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds.

The Utah Money Management Act also governs the scope of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the Town and conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2006, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

Deposit and investment type	Fair Value
Cash on deposit State Treasurer's investment pool	\$ (14,379) <u>282,124</u> \$ 267,745

Interest rate risk. The Town manages its exposure to declines in fair value by only investing in the Utah Public Treasurers Investment Fund.

Credit risk. As of June 30, 2006 the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund was unrated.

Concentration of credit Risk. The Town 's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund has no concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2006 none of the deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured or uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund has no custodial credit risk.

Components of cash and investments (including interest earning deposits) at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Cash on hand and on deposit:

Cash on deposit	\$ (14,379)
Utah State Treasurer's investment pool account	282,124
Total cash and investments	\$ 267,745

Cash and investments are included in the accompanying combined statement of net assets as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 282,124
Cash with negative balances	(_14,379)
Total cash and investments	\$ <u>267,745</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 3. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Town is subject to various types of risk such as tort actions, theft, damage, or destruction of assets by intent or acts of Nature, and job related illness or injury. The Town has procured insurance which, in Town's estimation, is adequate to reduce the risk of loss to a manageable level.

NOTE 4. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL LEASE – LEEDS AREA SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT:

The Town and Leeds Area Special service District entered into a direct financing lease agreement for the lease of the fire department facilities constructed by the Town. The lease terms commenced in fiscal year 1999 and will end in May of 2027. The District pays base rentals which correspond with the debt service on the \$95,000 lease revenue bonds (see note 5).

The Town's right and interest in the facilities will be transferred to the District upon payment by the District of the then applicable purchase option price, or all of the base rentals, or upon the discharge of the lien on the indenture.

The lease is considered a capital lease under governmental accounting standards. The following is an annual schedule of future minimum lease payments receivable.

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	2,514	3,667	6,181
2008	2,640	3,541	6,181
2009	2,772	3,409	6,181
2010	2,911	3,270	6,181
2011	3,056	3,125	6,181
2012-2016	17,732	13,173	30,905
2017-2021	22,6 32	8,27 3	30,905
2022-2027	19,073	3,396	22,470
Totals	73,331	41,854	115,185

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 5. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT;

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006:

Revenue Bonds-

Governmental Fund Debt:	Balance 6/30/2005	Issued	Matured	Balance 6/30/2006
USDA Rural Development 1997	75,224		1,893	73,331
Total General Fund Debt	75,224	-	1,893	73,331

The Town's total bonded debt service at June 30, 2006 was as follows;

Year Ending	. •		
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	2,514	3,667	6,181
2008	2,640	3,541	6,181
2009	2,7 72	3,409	6,181
2010	2,911	3,270	6,181
2011	3,056	3,125	6,181
2012-2016	17,732	13,173	30,905
2017-2021	22,632	8,273	30,905
2022-2027	19,073	3,396	22,470
Totals	73,331	41,854	115,185
·			

Revenue Bonds at June 30, 2006 consist of the following;

USDA Rural Development, fire and rescue revenue bonds, Series 1997, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$6,181, bearing interest at 5%, maturing May 1, 2027. Total Revenue Bonds payable at June 30, 2006

73,331 \$ 73,331

TOWN OF LEEDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

NOTE 6. RESERVED FUND BALANCES;

Reservations are used to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for appropriation or expenditure, or is legally segregated for a specific future use. At June 30, 2006, the Town of Leeds reserved fund balances are as follows:

C road funds	\$	35,321
Impact fees – Public Safety		30,850
Impact fees – Parks		6,913
Total	\$_	73,084

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN;

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage, and Firefighters Retirement System which are for employers with (without) Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, the Town is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board. The Town's contributions to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System for the years ending June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$ 2,803, \$1,324, and \$2,301 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

NOTE 8: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	I	n cre ases	De	creases		Ending Balance
Business type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land, water rights & easements	\$ 92,006	\$	-			\$	92,0 06
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 92,006		•		-		92,006
Capital assets, being depreciated:						-	-
Buildings	62,211						62,211
Other improvments	124,451		7,764				132,215
Furniture & equipment	43,386		ŕ				43,386
Infrastructure	 643,742		91,340				735,082
Total capital assets, being depreciated	873,790		99,104		_		972,894
Accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	34,937		3,685				3 8, 622
Other improvments	32,236		6,984				39,220
Furniture & equipment	11,832		4,209				16,041
Infrastructure	589,702		4,568				594,270
Total accumulated depreciation	 668,707		19,446				688,153
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	205,083		79,658		-	• ——	284,741
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 297,089	\$	79,658	\$	_	\$	376,747
preciation was charged to functions as follows:							
General government	\$ 5,104						
Public safety	2,740						
Public works	8,7 50						
Parks & recreation	2,852						
Total	\$ 19,446						

TOWN OF LEEDS Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Original Final				Amounts	(Negative)		
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$	287,464	\$	287,464	\$	287,464	<u> </u>		
Resources (inflows):		,		,	-	,	•		
Property taxes		44,400		45,9 00		45,625		(275)	
Sales and use taxes		51,600		63,0 00		73,807		10,807	
Franchise taxes		3,700		3,500		2,338		(1,162)	
Licenses and permits		27,000		45,085		46,170		1,085	
Lease income		6,181		6,181		6,181		.,000	
Interest earnings		8,200		9,650		16,279		6,629	
Fines & forfeitures		3,600		1,855		2,333		478	
Solid wate services		35,200		35,0 00		36,876		1,876	
Impact fees		29,200		16,0 00		14,000		(2,000)	
Cemetery		1,400		3,730		4,378		648	
Donations and other revenues		5,300		7,0 70		13,948		6,878	
Liquor fund allotment		200		835		836		0,076	
"C" road revenue		23,200		16,9 45		20,130		3,185	
Amounts available for appropriation		526,645		542,215		570,365		28,150	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):									
General government									
Professional fees		22,200		31,000		29,695		1,305	
Building inspection		22,200		13,0 36		13,426		(390)	
Elections				1,750		1,730		20	
Liability insurance		9,600		10,000		9,9 92		8	
Legislative		1,500		4,0 00		3,515		485	
Administration		46,200		69,175		67,6 07		1,568	
Planning & zoning		10,200		-		568		(568)	
Total general government		79,500		128.961		126,533		2,428	
Public safety - police		17,900		19,100		17,705		1,395	
Public works - parks		2,000		21,150		16,937		4,213	
Public works - parks construction		8,700		8,0 00		7,764		236	
Public works - streets		3,700		11,000		9,506		1,494	
Public works - street construction		59,100		98,0 00		91,340		6,660	
Sanitation		29,400		33,5 00		30,702		2,798	
Cemetary		900		2,0 00		1,920		2,798	
Debt service		6,181		6,18 1		6,1 81		-	
Total charges to appropriations		207,381		3 27,8 92		308,588		19,304	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	319,264	\$	214,323	\$	261,777	\$	47,454	
				,				17,137	

TOWN OF LEEDS PUBLIC SAFETY FACILITY IMPACT FEES TRACKING

Ending Impact Balance	Outflows Police Station	Inflows Impact Fees Collected	Beginning Cash Balance	
10,500		7,500	3,000	2001
12,900	(4,350)	6,750	10,500	2002
5,775	(11,000)	3,875	12,900	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 20
12,525		6,750	5,775	June 30, 2004
24,475		11,950	12,525	2005
30,850		6,375	24,475	2006

Proposed 2007 Projects

Proposed projects as identified in the Town's Capital Facilities Plan for Public Safety

TOWN OF LEEDS PARKS FACILITY IMPACT FEE TRACKING

Total	Park Improvemnts	Outflows	Inflows Impact Fees Collected	Beginning Cash Balance	
	emnts		Collected	sh Balance	
]					11
1,033			6,500	(5,467)	2001
7,533			6,500	1,033	2002 F
11,433			3,900	7,533	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 2
(1,923)	(17,381)		4,025	11,433	June 30, 2004
7,177			9 ,100	(1,923)	2005
6,913	(7,764)		7,500	7,177	2006

2007 Proposed Projects
Park improvments \$5,000